

Annual Chemical Occurrence Data Collection

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Summary:

Data Collection: why?

Regulatory Framework & legal background

The call for data

Last year's data collection

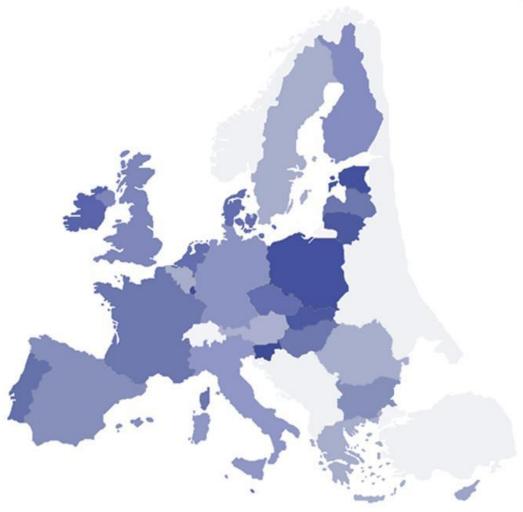


EFSA has no Laboratory









You are EFSA's Laboratories

Data are needed for Exposure Calculation at EU level









EXPOSURE ASSESSMENT

Levels in food, dietary exposure, food consumption, relevant food groups, time trends



HAZARD CHARACTERISATION

ADME, acute/sub-chronic/chronic toxicity, human data, genotox, reprotox, mode/mechanism of action, mathematical modelling (BMD), derivation of a health based guidance value(e.g. TDI, ARfD)



RISK CHARACTERIZATION

Relate **exposure** to **Health Based Guidance Value** or Margin of exposure (MOE)

In order to support reliable scientific advice...



...and allow Risk Managers taking proper measures, chemical occurrence data must:

- Be accurate, complete, compliant to the standards, well described;
- 2. Provide sufficient geographical coverage;
- 3. Represent all the food groups significant for consumption;
- Reasonably represent the real food market share in each food group;
- 5. Provide in each food group sufficient number of samples to allow robust statistical treatment.



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Regulation (EC) No 882/2004



Article 44, Annual reports

- ... every year, Member States shall submit to the Commission a report indicating:
 - (a) any amendments made to multi-annual national control plans to take account of the factors referred to in Article 42(3);
 - (b) the results of controls and audits conducted in the previous year under the provisions of the multi-annual national control plan;
 - (c) the type and number of cases of non-compliance identified;
 - (d) actions to ensure the effective operation of multi-annual national control plans, including enforcement action and its results.

Regulation (EC) No 882/2004



- 2.
- 3. Member States shall finalise their reports and transmit them to the Commission, within six months of the end of the year to which the reports relate.
- 4. ... the Commission shall establish an annual report on the overall operation of official controls in Member States. interest.
- => No request for occurrence data

Regulation (EC) No 669/2009



implementing Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the increased level of official controls on imports of certain feed and food of non-animal origin and amending Decision 2006/504/EC

Article 15

- 1. Member States shall submit to the Commission a report on consignments, for the purposes of a continuous assessment of the feed and food of non-animal origin listed in Annex I. That report shall be submitted quarterly by the end of the month following each quarter.
- 2. The report shall include the following information:
- (a) details of each consignment, including:
 - (i) the size in terms of net weight of the consignment;
 - (ii) the country of origin of each consignment;
- (b) the number of consignments subjected to sampling for analysis;
- (c) the results of the checks as provided for in Article 8(1);

Regulation (EC) No 1258/2011



amending Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 as regards maximum levels for nitrates in foodstuffs

Article 1

Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 is amended as follows:

1. Member States shall monitor nitrate levels in vegetables which may contain significant levels, in particular green leaf vegetables, and communicate the result to EFSA on a regular basis.

...Given that EFSA has been mandated by the Commission to compile all occurrence data on contaminants, including nitrates, in food into one database, it is appropriate to communicate the results directly to EFSA...

Regulation (EU) No 420/2011



amending Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 setting maximum levels for certain contaminants in foodstuffs

Article 1

- 2. Member States and interested parties shall communicate each year to the Commission the results of investigations undertaken and the progress with regard to the application of prevention measures to avoid contamination by ochratoxin A, deoxynivalenol, zearalenone, fumonisin B 1 and B 2 , T-2 and HT-2 toxin. The Commission shall make the results available to the Member States. The related occurrence data shall be reported to EFSA.
- 3. Member States shall report to the Commission findings on aflatoxins obtained in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1152/2009 (*). Member States should report to EFSA findings on furan, ethylcarbamate, perfluoroalkylated substances and acrylamide ...
- 4. Occurrence data on contaminants collected by Member States should, if appropriate, also be reported to EFSA.

Regulation (EC) No 1152/2009



imposing special conditions governing the import of certain foodstuffs from certain third countries due to contamination risk by aflatoxins and repealing Decision 2006/504/EC

Article 7
Official controls

9. Member States shall submit to the Commission every three months a report of all analytical results of official controls on consignments of foodstuffs. That report shall be submitted during the month following each quarter.

Recommendation 2006/794/EC



on the monitoring of background levels of dioxins, dioxin-like PCBs and non-dioxin-like PCBs in foodstuffs

RECOMMENDS:

• • •

3. That Member States provide on regular basis to the Commission the monitoring data with the information and in the format as foreseen in A lex II for complation into one database.

Agreement to submit data to EFSA in the EFSA format

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002



Article 33

3. The Member States shall take the necessary measures to enable the data they collect in the fields referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 to be transmitted to the Authority.

It covers all data collections and includes contaminants not covered by legislation



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Central occurrence database



Different calls for continuous data collection, aggregated in one 'big' call virtually covering all chemical contaminants in food and feed. Perspective of extension to also cover post-market monitoring of food additives (Reg. 1333/2008 EC)

Open Calls for data

Results 1 - 5 of 5

Call for continuous collection of chemical contaminants occurrence data in food and feed

Deadline: 1 October 2012

Call for scientific data on nickel and chromium (trivalent and hexavalent) levels in food and drinking water

Deadline: 1 October 2012

Call for scientific data on miscellaneous food additives permitted in the EU and belonging

to several functional classes

Deadline: 15 August 2012

This call is on literature data (published papers). The call for analytical data on the same subject will follow soon





POPs and other organic contaminants (OCC_GROUP1)	
Alkyl phthalates	
Phenolic compounds	
Brominated flame retardans	
Dioxins	
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	
Teq dioxins and PCBs	
Perfluorinated compounds	
Mineral oils	
Brominated dioxins and furans	
Melamine and analogues	
Urea and derivatives	
Organochlorine Compounds In Feed Regulated By Directive 2002/32/EC	



Process Contaminants (OCC_GROUP2)
3-MCPDs
Acrylamide
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons
Furan
Hydroxymethylfurfural
Ethyl carbamate



Toxins (OCC_GROUP3)	Fusarenon X
Azaspiracid-group toxins	Sterigmatocystins
Cyclic imines-group toxins	Moniliformine
Ciguatoxin group toxins	Neosolaniol
Domoic acid group toxins	Alternaria toxins
Okadaic acid group toxins	Citrinin
Palytoxin group toxins	Beauvericin
Pectenotoxin group toxins	Enniatins
Saxitoxin-group toxins	Phomopsins
Yessotoxin group toxins	Mycophenolic acid
Brevetoxins	Other Mycotoxins
Other Marine biotoxins	Pyrrolizidine alkaloids
Ergot alkaloids	Tropane alkaloids
Ochratoxins	Opium alkaloids
Aflatoxins	Glucosinolates
Patulin	Free gossypol
T-2/HT-2 toxins	Hydrocyanic acid
Diacetoxyscirpenol	Theobromine
Deoxynivalenol and derivatives	Ricin
Nivalenol	Abrin
Zearalenone and derivatives	Crotin I
Fumonisins	Coumarin
Fusaric acid	Other Phytotoxins
	Biogenic amines





Others (OCC_GROUP4)	Magnesium and derivatives
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Manganese and derivatives
Aluminum and derivatives	Mercury and derivatives
Antimony and derivatives	Molybdenum and derivatives
Arsenic and derivatives	Nickel and derivatives
Barium and derivatives	Nitrogen and derivatives
Beryllium and derivatives	Phosphorus and derivatives
Boron and derivatives	Potassium and derivatives
Bromine and derivatives	Selenium and derivatives
Cadmium and derivatives	Silica and derivatives
Calcium and derivatives	Silver and derivatives
Chlorine and derivatives	Sodium derivatives
Chromium and derivatives	Strontium and derivatives
Cobalt and derivatives	Sulfur and derivatives
Copper and derivatives	Thallium and derivatives
Cyanide and derivatives	Tin and derivatives
Fluorine and derivatives	Titanium and derivatives
lodine and derivatives	Tungsten and derivatives
Iron and derivatives	Uranium and derivatives
Lead and derivatives	Vanadium and derivatives Vanadium and derivatives
Lithium and derivatives	Zink and derivatives
	ZIIK and derivatives



Still to be added, will contain entries like:

Sorbic acid Benzoic acid

. . .

Aspartame

• • •

BHA

BHT

. . .

Submission format



Standard sample description, Electronic transmission and Data collection

framework

GUIDANCE OF EFSA

Standard sample description for food and feed¹

European Food Safety Authority^{2, 3}

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA), Parma, Italy

XML.zip 🍕 (0.1 Mb)

Guidance on Data Exchange¹

European Food Safety Authority^{2, 3}

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA), Parma, Italy

Please follow the below steps when submitting data through the DCF:

- 1. Log into DCF by inserting the username and password received from EFSA
- Choose the data collection for which you want to submit data among the following groups of chemicals (as defined in the mandate for "Continuous call for data collection"):
 - OCC_TEST: only for testing data submission of occurrence data;
 - OCC_GROUP1: POPs and other organic contaminants (e.g. dioxins and dioxinlike PCBs, non-dioxin-like PCBs, BFRs, PFAS, mineral oil hydrocarbons, organochlorine compounds);
 - OCC_GROUP2: process contaminants (e.g. 3-MCPD esters, ethyl carbamate, PAHs, furan, acrylamide);
- OCC_GROUP3: toxins (e.g. marine biotoxins, mycotoxins, plant toxicants and other toxins of biological origin);
- OCC_GROUP4: others (e.g. nitrates, lead, cadmium, arsenic, mercury, fluorine, nitrite etc...and other chemical substances not listed in the groups above).



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2011 data collection



Last year's data collection was the first one integrating all contaminants into a single call.

Submission of old data (not only those collected in 2010) was also requested, for this collection only. The list of priority substances also specified the period for the backlog.

As a rule of thumb, 5 years is the standard period taken into account for older data not yet submitted to EFSA, though it largely depends on the amount of data per year and the expected evolution of the contamination pattern.



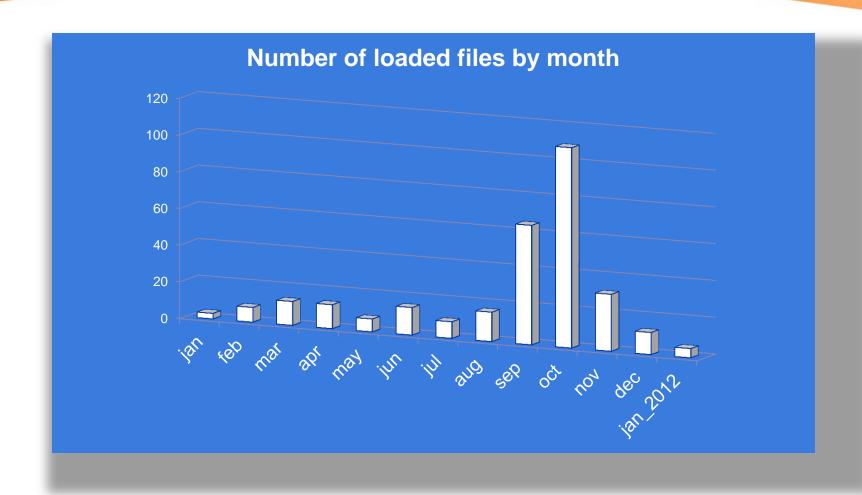
Data collection 2011:

- □Start June 2011 (actually spread over all 2011)
- □ Deadline October 1st 2011
- □Extension January 2012

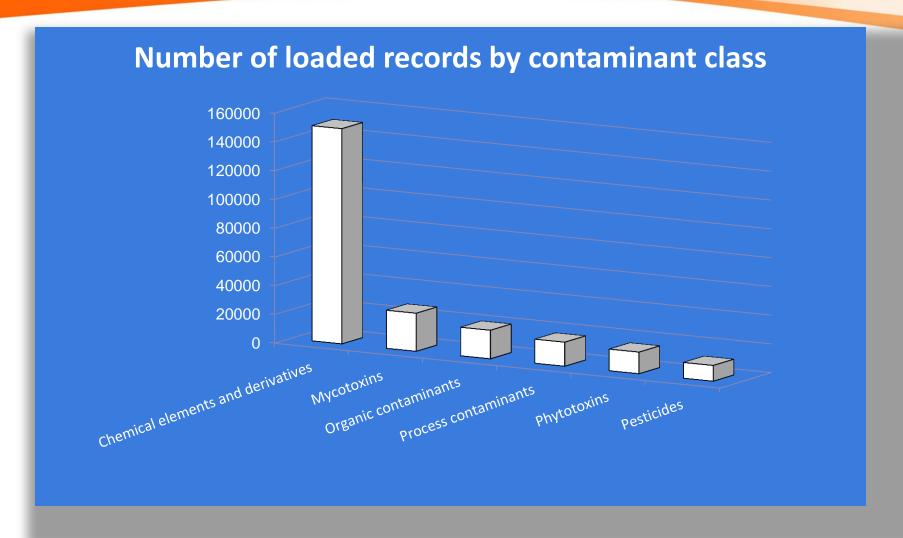
Data submission:

- ☐ More than 300 files uploaded
- □Peak in September-October
- □Total n. records ≈ 950000

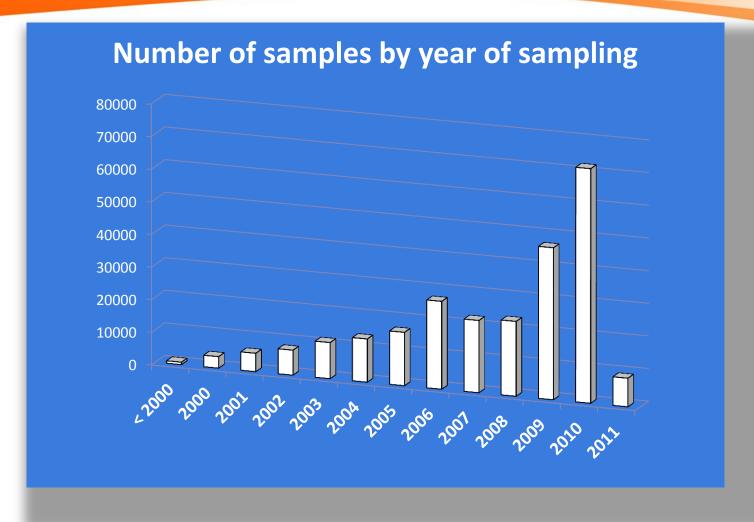






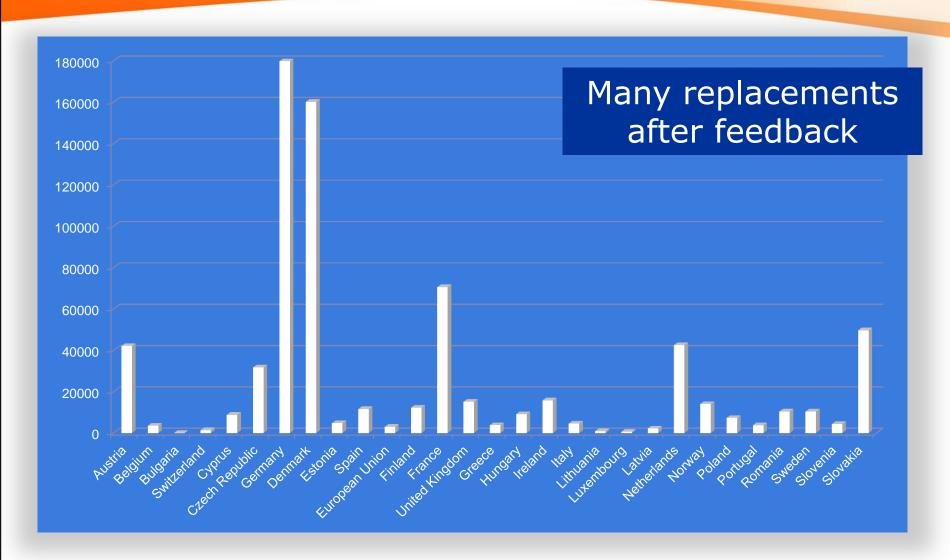






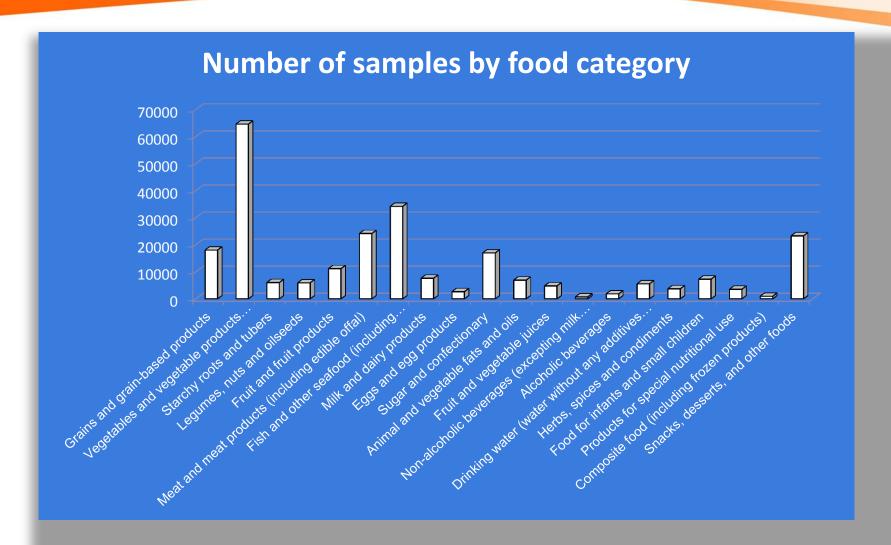












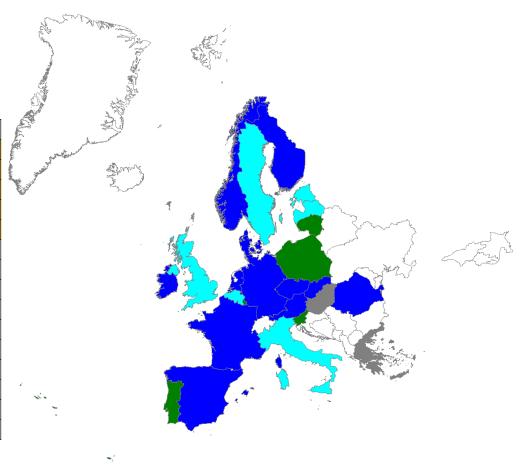
Data Overview: details (1)



Chemical elements and derivatives

tot records

Substance	N_records
Nitrites and nitrates	52202
Mercury and derivatives	40744
Cadmium and derivatives	35790
Lead and derivatives	25611
Arsenic and derivatives	20530
Nickel and derivatives	1010
Selenium and derivatives	855
Manganese and derivatives	604
Copper and derivatives	542
Chromium and derivatives	520
Zink and derivatives	520
Cobalt and derivatives	206
Vanadium and derivatives	206
Tin and derivatives	178
Aluminum and derivatives	59



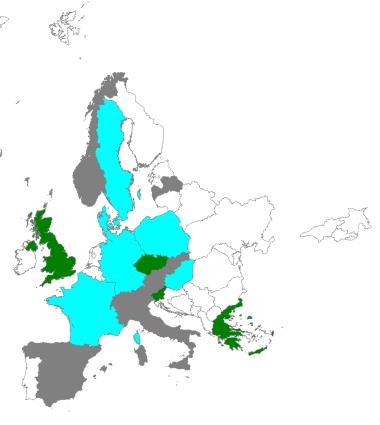
Data Overview: details (2)



Organic contaminants



Substance	N_records
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	165877
Dioxins	74188
Brominated flame retardans	4140
Mineral oils	1537
Alkyl phthalates	1437
Perfluorinated compounds	, 422







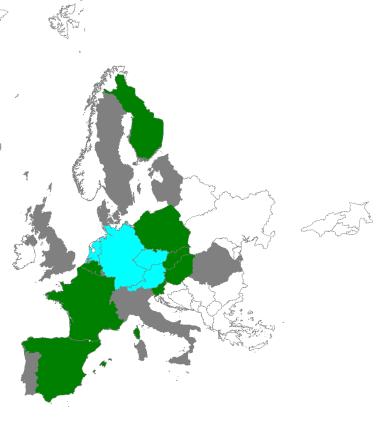
Data Overview: details (3)



Mycotoxins



Substance	N_records
Aflatoxins	20330
Ergot alkaloids	15639
Alternaria toxins	11189
Fumonisins	8385
Deoxynivalenol and derivatives	6535
Ochratoxins	4380
Patulin	3004
T-2/HT-2 toxins	1972
Zearalenone and derivatives	1763
Nivalenol	516
Sterigmatocystins	271
Diacetoxyscirpenol	19

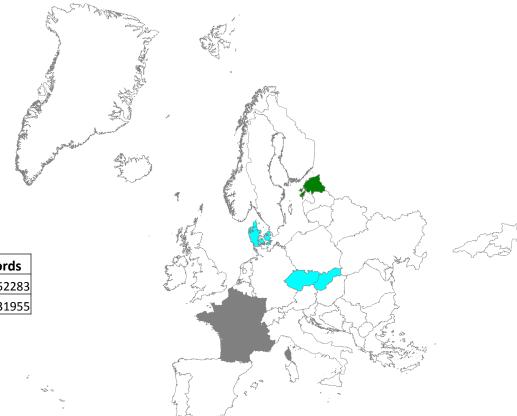




Data Overview: details (4)







Substance	N_records
Pesticides contaminant residues	52283
Residue definition	31955



tot_records









Data Overview: details (5)



Phytotoxins



Substance	N_records
Pyrrolizidine alkaloids	251168
Tropane alkaloids	138
Coumarin	30





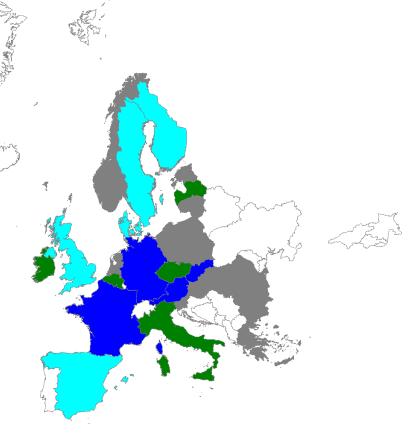
Data Overview: details (6)



Process contaminants



Substance	N_records
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons	70405
Acrylamide	3199
Furan	1062
3-MCPDs	637
Ethyl carbamate	542
Hydroxymethylfurfural	· 176











Strength and weakness



Major achievements:

- □Standardisation/homogeneity
- □Traceability
- □Effectiveness in feedback

Standardisation procedure schedule: 1st week of each month (in peak periods performed weekly)

Strength and weakness



Major issues:

- ☐ Missing information on analytical method 180,000 records with missing analytical method (20%)
- □LOD/LOQ values missing 113,000 records with missing LOD and LOQ (12%)
- □FoodEx code not detailed enough
- □errors in labsampcode (duplicated, different code to same samples...)

2012 Data collection



Data sampled (and most probably analysed) in 2011

Submission is open

Submission deadline 1 October 2012





THANK YOU

